

Stability Properties of Electrically Conductive Ink, Filled Metallic Nano Size Silver Filler for Ink Jet Printing Technique.

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The Major Ink Requirements for Ink Jet Dispenser Technique



DISPENSING POSSIBILITIES AND LIMITATIONS:

Single drop volume: 30-500 picoliters with variation $\sim 1\%$

Droplet diameter: $30-100 \mu m$ Drop rate: 0-2000/sec.

Fluid viscosity range: 0.5 ~ 35 mPas. (unheated)

Drop acceleration: 100 000 g (during each shoot)

Number of components	One		
Consistency	Very low viscous fluid		
Percentage of silver filler	40 - 60 %		
Viscosity limit	Up to 35 mPas		
Thixoprophy index	~ 1.0		
Surface tension value	28.5 - 34 dynes/cm		
Specific gravity	1.3 - 1.6 g/cm³		
Electrical conductivity	(1 – 3) 10 ⁻⁵ Ωcm		

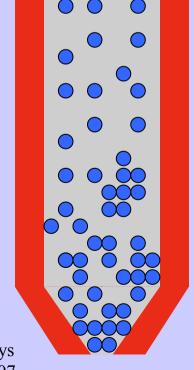
Metalic Nano Silver as a Filler for Ink Preparation



All formulation types which are the mixtures of fluid binder and solid fillers will have this same major problem - filler sedimentation.

Very low binder viscosity plus:

- filler which has much higher specific gravity as fluid binder,
- high % of filler inside formula



Agglomeration

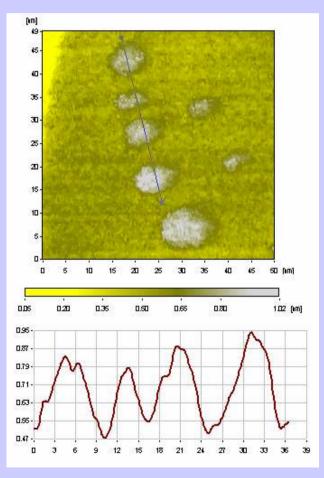
Sedimentation

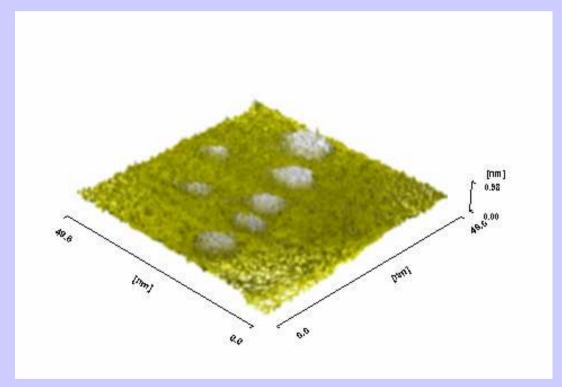
Clogging

Metalic Nano Silver as a Filler for Ink Preparation

(ax)

Different situation is when conductive filler has diameter less 10 nm. Than formulation is very uniform and has properties similar as a "true fluid".

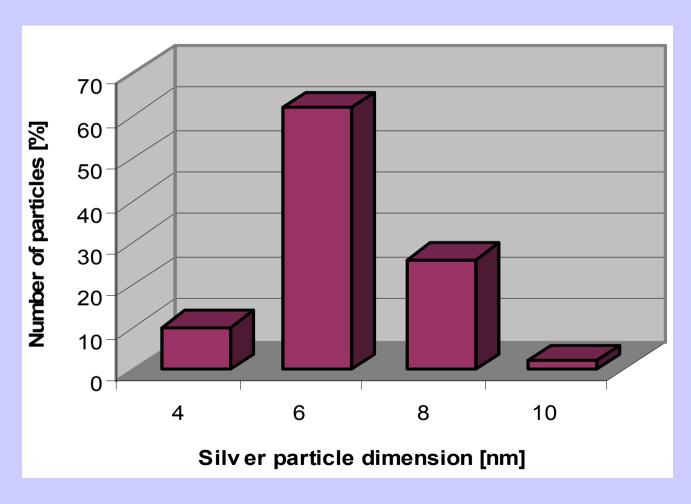




Metalic Nano Silver as a Filler for Ink Preparation



Histogram for particles size of Amepox nano Ag





TEST CONDITIONS:

1. Equipment: Brookfield type LVDVII + CP (Cone & Plate)

2. Rotor (Cone) speed: 100 rpm

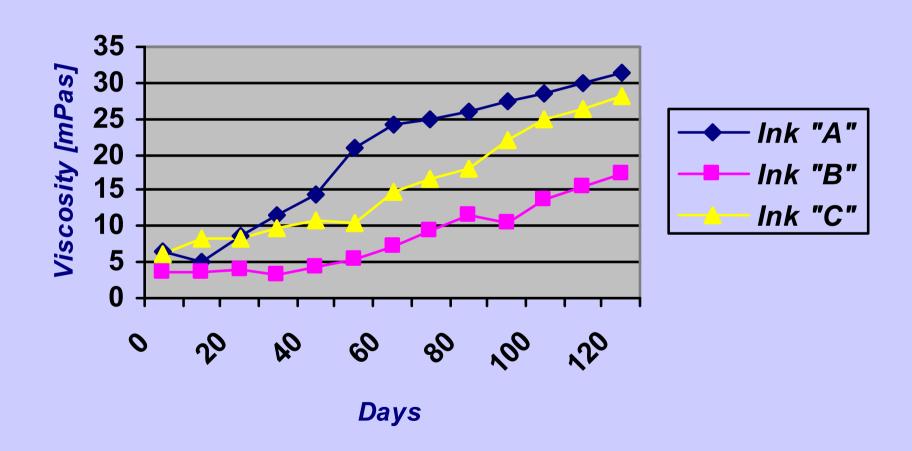
3. Storage temp. = 23°C

4. Test temp. = 25° C

Sample #	Ink A	Ink B	Ink C
Percentage of nAg [b.w.]	50%	48%	50%
Initial Viscosity [mPas]	6.5	3.66	6.1
Thixoprophy index	~1.0	~1.0	~1.0

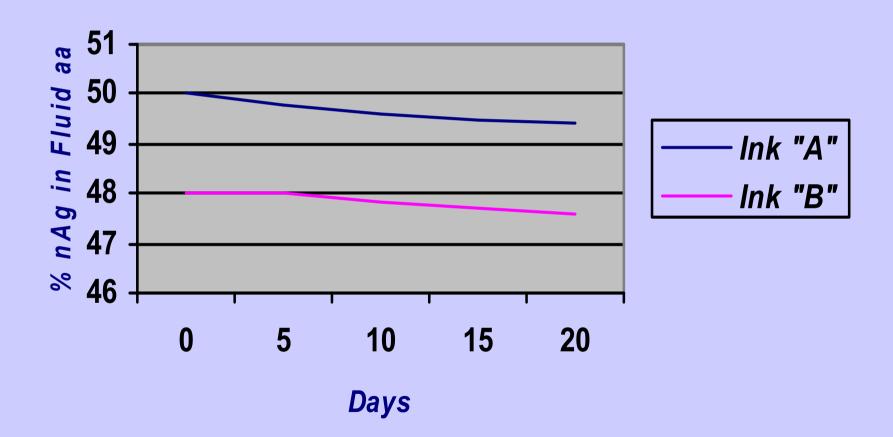


Ink Viscosity versus Time



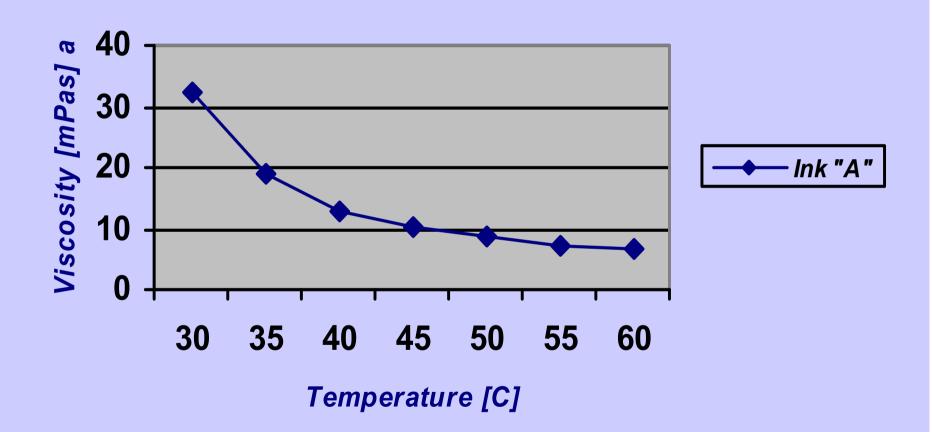


Silver Sedimentation versus Time



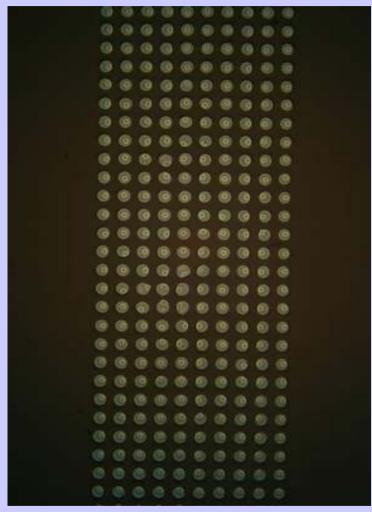


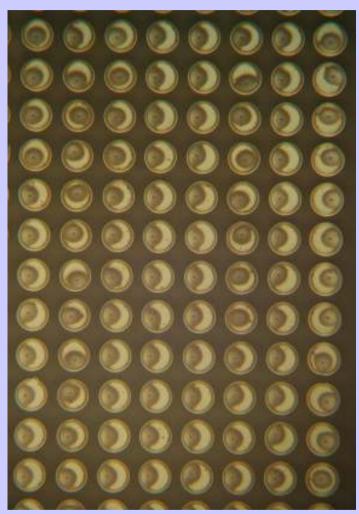
Ink Viscosity versus Temperature



Samples of Dispensed Ink by Ink-Jet dispenser







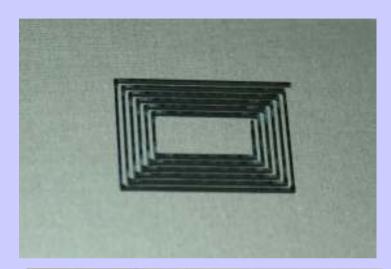
Nozzle Φ = 34 μ m

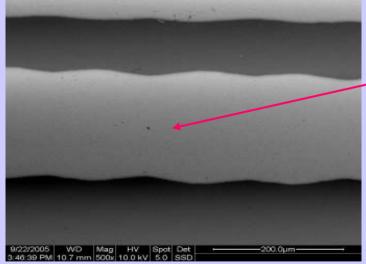
Courtesy of Microdrop Technologies GmbH

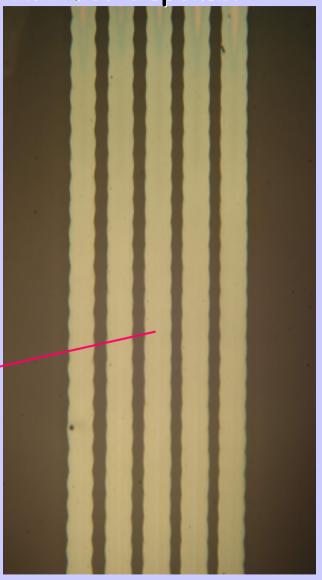
Nozzle $\Phi = 66 \mu m$

Samples of Dispensed Ink by Ink-Jet dispenser









Courtesy of Microdrop Technologies and TNO Industrial-Eindhoven

Summary:



- The studied inks show properties similar to true fluids
 - Nano silver filler with so small size has the main influence for practically no sedimentation phenomena.
 - Obtainment of the large concentration of nano silver filler without the significant inks viscosity growth is a result of using small silver particles size.
- Stability of ink properties, especially with viscosity point of view is extremely important from print head safe work and repeatability of printed structures.
- Ink with nano size silver filler, after sintering process has highly uniform structure similar like in case of metal wire.